

### Parents Association Fundraising for Capital Items

*(Document last updated February 2025)*

#### 1. Introduction

Schools may be in receipt of monies from the parents' association which raised funds for capital items. This money should be transferred to the school bank account as soon as is practicable.

#### 2. Accounting Treatment

The nominal codes to be used to account for the monies received, the expenditure and any unspent balance are set out below. The example provided below for the accounting treatment illustrates a situation where the monies raised by the parents' association are used to purchase iPads.

##### 2.1 When the income is received into the school current account

| Action                                   | DR/CR | Nominal Code | Description   |
|--|-------|--------------|---|
| Income from Parents Association Received | DR    | 1800         | Current Account 1<br>Current Asset                                  |
|  | CR    | 2173         | Other Capital Ringfenced Grants/Income Unspent<br>Current Liability |

##### 2.2 When the item is purchased

| Action          | DR/CR | Nominal Code | Description                           |
|-----------------|-------|--------------|---------------------------------------|
| iPads Purchased | DR    | 1461         | Capital: ICT Additions<br>Fixed Asset |
|                 | CR    | 1800         | Current Account 1<br>Current Asset    |

| Action   | DR/CR | Nominal Code | Description  |
|--|-------|--------------|--|
| Transfer of monies spent to Capital & Reserves | DR    | 2173         | Other Capital Ringfenced Grants/Income Unspent<br><b>Current Liability</b>       |
|  | CR    | 3902         | Parents Contribution to Capital Projects Income<br><b>Capital &amp; Reserves</b> |

### 2.3 Amortisation of Income

Amortisation is an accounting technique used to periodically lower the book value of a capital income over a set period of time.

Where the parents' association income is used to purchase capital items, it is recommended that the amortisation of the income should be as follows:

- Purchase of ICT amortise over 3 years
- Purchase of FF&E amortise over 5 years

The amortisation of the income would be done at the year-end by the school's external accountant/auditor.

| Action                 | DR/CR | Nominal Code | Description   |
|------------------------|-------|--------------|---|
| Amortisation of Income | DR    | 3925         | Accumulated Amortisation of Capital Equipment Income<br><b>Capital &amp; Reserves</b> |
|                        | CR    | 3840         | Amortisation of Non DE funding<br><b>Income</b>                                       |

**Note 1: ICT Amortisation Policy - Grant amortised over 3 years**

## 2.4 Depreciation of the Capital Equipment Expenditure

Deprecation is an accounting technique used to periodically lower the book value of a capital expense over a set period of time.

Where the parents' association income is used to purchase capital items, it is recommended that the depreciation of the expenditure should be as follows:

- Purchase of ICT depreciate over 3 years
- Purchase of FF&E depreciate over 5 years

The depreciation of the capital expenditure would be done at the year-end by the school's external accountant/auditor.

| Action              | DR/CR | Nominal Code | Description                                      |
|---------------------|-------|--------------|--|
| Depreciation of ICT | DR    | 8060         | Annual Depreciation: ICT<br>Expenditure          |
|                     | CR    | 1471         | Depreciation: ICT Current<br>Year<br>Fixed Asset |

### Note 2: ICT Depreciation Policy - Items depreciated over 3 years

## 2.5 Account for the unspent ringfenced balance

Monies raised by the parents' association for a specific capital purchase is ringfenced and the balance unspent at the year-end must be reconciled and accounted for in Nominal Code 2173 Other Capital Ringfenced Grants/Income Unspent.